

Exercises On Sets

Math 150 —Dupuy

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1. Let $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$ and $B = \{2, 4, 6, 8, 10\}$. Compute the following sets.

- (a) $A \cap B$.
- (b) $A \cup B$.
- (c) $A \setminus B$.
- (d) $B \setminus A$.
- (e) $A \times B$.
- (f) $\{a \in A : a \text{ is even}\}$.
- (g) $\{x \in A : x + 1 \in B\}$.
- (h) $\{x \in A : x + 1 \in B \text{ or } x + 5 \in B\}$.

2. Let $A = \mathbb{N}$ and let $B = \{n \in \mathbb{N} : n \text{ is even}\}$. Find the following sets

- (a) $A \cap B$.
- (b) $A \cup B$.
- (c) $A \setminus B$.
- (d) $B \setminus A$.

3. Order the following sets via inclusion. Example: the sets $\{1, 2, 3\}, \{2\}, \{2, 1\}$ satisfy

$$\{2\} \subset \{2, 1\} \subset \{1, 2, 3\}.$$

- (a) $\{1, 2, 4\}, \mathbb{N}, \{1, 2\}, \emptyset$
- (b) $\mathbb{R}, \mathbb{C}, \mathbb{Z}, \mathbb{Q}, \mathbb{N}$.

4. State the precise definition of a function.

5. If the domain for a function is $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$ and the range is $B = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$ determine if the following relations are functions. If they aren't, explain what part of the function definition they violate.

- (a) $S = \{(1, 2), (2, 3), (3, 4), (4, 5), (5, 4)\}$.
- (b) $T = \{(1, 2), (1, 3), (2, 4), (3, 5), (5, 1)\}$.
- (c) $U = \{(1, 1), (2, 1), (3, 1), (4, 1), (5, 1)\}$.
- (d) $V = \{(1, 1), (2, 1), (3, 1), (4, 1)\}$

6. Write the following sets using set notation. Example $(1, 6) = \{x \in \mathbb{R} : 1 < x < 6\}$.

- (a) $[0, 2)$
- (b) $(-\infty, 2)$
- (c) $[-1, 1]$

7. Find y as a function of x . In each case, specify how many functions the relations below determine. Also, when specifying a function $y = f(x)$ state a range and a domain for f in set notation, assume that f is a real valued function. Example: If $f(x) = 1/x$ then $f : \mathbb{R} \setminus \{0\} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$.

- (a) $x^2 + 2y = 4$
- (b) $x = y^2$
- (c) $x^2y^2 + y = 1$

8. Find the image of the following functions. Remember: the image of a functions $f : A \rightarrow B$ is defined by $Im(f) = \{f(a) \in B : a \in A\}$.

- (a) $f : \mathbb{N} \rightarrow \mathbb{N}$ defined by $f(n) = 2n$.
- (b) $f : \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ defined by $f(x, y) = x^2 + y^2$.

9. The Dirichlet function $D : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \{0, 1\}$ is defined by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & x \in \mathbb{Q} \\ 1, & x \text{ not in } \mathbb{Q} \end{cases}$$

what is the image of f ?